BEFORE THE PERSONNEL RESOURCES BOARD STATE OF WASHINGTON

ABDUR REHMAN,	
Appellant,	Case No. R-DEMO-15-002
v.	FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS AND
WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY,	ORDER OF THE BOARD
Respondent.	

I. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 **Hearing.** This matter came before the Personnel Resources Board, NANCY HOLLAND YOUNG, Chair, and SUSAN MILLER, Vice Chair, and VICKY BOWDISH, Member. The hearing was held on October 28, 2015, at the Assistant Attorney General's Office, Spokane, Washington.
- 1.2 **Appearances.** Appellant Abdur Rehman was present and represented himself. Donna Stambaugh, Senior Assistant Attorney General, represented the Respondent, Washington State University (WSU).
- 1.3 **Nature of Appeal.** This is an appeal of a disciplinary action. Respondent alleges that Appellant provided unacceptable customer service to a client at the Veterinary Teaching Hospital (VTH) and failed to meet workplace standards, expectations and responsibilities.

II. FINDINGS

- 2.1 Appellant is a permanent part-time Pharmacist 2 at the VTH. Appellant has worked in this position since 2011.
- 2.3 Appellant received a disciplinary letter dated May 19, 2015, stating he would receive a 5% reduction in pay from June 16, 2015 through September 15, 2015. The letter stated that

Appellant's actions were not consistent with the VTH's Pharmacy practices, caused additional work for the pharmacy staff, inconvenienced the client and delayed the filling of a prescription.

2.4 Prior to this action giving rise to appeal, Appellant received a Notice of Counseling on July 10, 2014, regarding aggressive behavior towards co-workers.

- 2.5 Appellant received a letter of reprimand on January 26, 2015, for changing prescription directions. The letter cited several prescriptions Appellant changed.
- 2.6 On February 3, 2015, Appellant received another letter of reprimand. The letter noted that Appellant failed to follow the directives of his supervisor and Pharmacy Manager, James Meyer.
- 2.7 There is no written record of training or instruction on pharmacy procedures or policies being provided to Appellant. Respondent maintains that Appellant was aware of customer service standards.
- 2.8 On February 25, 2015, Dr. Janne Lyngby, Veterinarian Resident, wrote a prescription for 136 mg. of Baytril for a dog owned by Tammie West, a client of the hospital and a Veterinary Technician at the VTH. Since the pharmacy had only flavored tablets and Ms. West's dog was allergic to the flavoring, Ms. West agreed to take the flavored tablets until the non-flavored tablets arrived. A pharmacy worker, Janet VanNuland, entered the additional instructions into their database, Vetstar. The instructions stated, "Refill with coated tabs, not taste tabs."
- 2.9 On March 3, 2015, the pharmacy received 68 mg. non-flavored tablets. Ms. VanNuland attached a note to a bottle stating the client and patient's name. Ms. West was notified that the non-flavored tablets were ready for pick up. Ms. West testified she drove 45 minutes from her home to pick up the new prescription.

1	2.10 When Ms. West arrived at the VTH, Appellant was the pharmacist on duty. Ms. West
2	testified that Appellant would not refill the prescription using the new tablets without a new
3	prescription from the doctor because the dosage instructions needed to be changed from two
4	tablets per day (136 mg. each), to four tablets per day (68 mg. each).
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6	2.11 Ms. West testified that because her dog needed the medication and Appellant would not
7	fill the new prescription with non-flavored tablets, she asked Appellant to refill the prescription
8	with the flavored tablets until she contacted Dr. Lyngby about a new prescription.
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10	2.12 Appellant filled the prescription with 136 mg of flavored Baytril.
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12	2.13 A pre-disciplinary meeting was held on April 23, 2015, to address Appellant's decision
13	concerning Ms. West's prescription. Present at the meeting was Michael Malcolm, Director of
14	Administrative Services and the VTH's Appointing Authority, and Bonnie Wilmoth, Human
15	Resources Consultant.
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17	2.14 Prior to the pre-disciplinary meeting, Ms. West was contacted by Ms. Wilmoth and Mr.
18	Malcolm to discuss her interactions with Appellant on March 3, 2015 and March 5, 2015.
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20	2.15 Throughout the appeal, the Board heard testimony from many of WSU's management
21	staff. Testimony indicated Appellant did not follow standards, expectations and responsibilities
22	in service to the VTH.
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24	III. ARGUMENTS OF THE PARTIES
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26	3.2 Appellant does not deny he could have refilled Ms. West's prescription. Rather, he contends
27	that Appellant did not want to wait for him to change the instructions from two tablets to four
28	tablets daily and produce a new prescription number. Appellant further contends that he was

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unaware of the dog's allergies since it was not noted on the bottle or in Vetstar. Appellant trusted

Ms. West's professional experience as a Veterinary Technician, so agreed with her decision to fill the original flavored prescription until a new one was written.

3.3 Appellant asserts there is no policy in place to handle situations like this, pointing to the testimony of Ms. West that stated the dosage instructions on a prescription dated April 17, 2015, filled by another pharmacist for the same medication and patient, was more detrimental to her dog than this case giving rise to this appeal.

3.4 Respondent argues that Appellant refused to fill the prescription with non-flavored tablets, undermining the VTH's customer service standard and pharmacy practices. Ms. West testified if Appellant had offered to change the instructions from two to four tablets daily, she would have waited for the new order rather than subject her dog to allergic reactions. Respondent asserts Appellant should have verified the instructions by contacting Dr. Lyngby, who was in the office the day Ms. West came to pick up the prescription. Respondent contends that the Appellant had everything he needed to help Ms. West, including knowledge of the dog's allergies.

IV. CONCLUSIONS

- 4.1 The Personnel Resources Board has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter.
- 4.2 In a hearing of an appeal for a disciplinary action, Respondent has the burden of supporting the charges upon which the action was initiated by proving by a preponderance of the credible evidence that Appellant committed the offenses set forth in the disciplinary letter and that the sanction was appropriate under the facts and circumstances (WAC 357-52-110).
- 4.3 When considering whether there was just cause for a disciplinary action, we consider factors such as whether the employee was aware of the expectations, rules, or policies allegedly violated, whether the employee was aware of the need to comply with the rule or policy or to improve performance, whether the employee had an opportunity to demonstrate compliance or improvement, whether the discipline was imposed for good reason, whether the disciplinary process

and procedures followed were appropriate and whether the sanction imposed was sufficient to prevent recurrence, to deter others from similar misconduct and to maintain the integrity of the program.

Appellant testified that he had enough information to fill the prescription and that in the past he has contacted doctors with questions about changes in dosage on new prescriptions. Rather than follow the instructions on the bottle and in Vetstar and contact Dr. Lygby for clarification, Appellant did not fill the prescription. The fact that Ms. West was notified that her refill was ready only to have Appellant refuse to fill it caused a good deal of frustration for Ms. West and undermined VTH customer service standards.

4.5 In determining whether a sanction imposed is appropriate, consideration must be given to the facts and circumstances, including the seriousness and circumstances of the offenses. The penalty should not be disturbed unless it is too severe. The sanction imposed should be sufficient to prevent recurrence, to deter others from similar misconduct and to maintain the integrity of the program. Holladay v. Dept. of Veterans Affairs, PAB No. D91-084 (1992).

4.6 The Board finds that Appellant had enough information to help the client if he had contacted a doctor about the note left in Vetstar and on the bottle. For this reason, we find that disciplinary action was warranted.

4.7 However, the Board finds that under the unique facts and circumstances of this case, a three month reduction in salary is too severe for this offense. Respondent cites in the disciplinary letter: "You have a duty to carry out your responsibilities in a timely, trustworthy, and efficient and effective manner in providing service to the Veterinary Teach Hospital and its clients." While Appellant may have been aware of the importance of timeliness, trustworthiness, efficiency and effectiveness and had an obligation to adhere to these attributes, they are in and of themselves difficult characteristics to measure without associated procedures and protocols.

Appellant was disciplined for poor customer service by not changing dosage instructions on a 1 prescription, yet was reprimanded by letter dated January 26, 2015, for changing the instructions on 2 several prescriptions. Training and/or written expectations addressing prescription changes and 3 customer service would have provided Appellant clear protocols and offered Respondent a better 4 gauge for corrective action. Lack of pharmacy protocols was also evident by Ms. West's testimony 5 that the dosage instructions written by another pharmacist was more detrimental to her dog than 6 Appellant's refusal to refill with non-flavored tablets. 7 8 Therefore, Appellant's reduction in salary should be modified to 5% for one month. This sanction 9 should be sufficient to prevent recurrence, to deter others from similar misconduct and to maintain 10 the integrity of the program. 11 12 V. ORDER 13 NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the appeal of Abdur Rehman is granted in 14 part and the disciplinary sanction is modified to a 5% reduction for one month. 15 16 DATED this ______ day of __________, 2015. 17 18 WASHINGTON PERSONNEL RESOURCES BOARD 19 20 21 NANCY HOLLAND YOUNG, Chair 22 23 SUSAN MILLER, Vice Chair 24 25 26 VICKY BOWDISH, Member 27 28

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